DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE INFORMATION PAPER

SERVICE/AGENCY: U.S. NAVY

SUBJECT: Revised FY 2017 Unfunded Priorities List

DATE: 5 January 2017

REQUEST: Does the Navy intend to update the FY 2017 UPL based on the recent 355-ship

FSA?

RESPONSE: The Navy does not intend to submit a revised FY 2017 Unfunded Priorities List (UPL) until we engage further with the new Administration on potential changes in the defense strategy and priorities.

The 2016 Force Structure Assessment (FSA) established the need for greater ship capacity in order to address the ever-evolving and increasingly complex threats the Navy is required to counter in the global maritime commons. However, any unfunded priority list includes items beyond shipbuilding that address the most critical unfunded warfighter requirements.

The Navy continues to track unfunded requirements as we execute FY 2017 under a continuing resolution through April 2017. Below is a list of executable FY 2017 unfunded items, adding emergent needs to our February 2016 UPL based on current operations and FY 2016 closeout. The greatest challenges continue to be recovering readiness and restoring aviation and weapons capacity. Without additional funding, FY 2017 is projected to have a significant shortfall in afloat readiness, some of which will carry over and further pressurize future years.

As for shipbuilding, any program increases that build towards an objective force of 355 ships, would reduce operational risk in warfighting scenarios, support the vital industrial base, and likely result in economic order quantity (EOQ) savings. For example, an additional Amphibious Landing Dock Ship (LPD-17) in FY 2017 is executable and would accelerate reaching the amphibious warfare ship requirement of 38 ships included in the 2016 FSA. An additional LPD would provide increased ability to embark, transport control, insert, sustain and extract elements of a Marine Air Ground Task Force (MAGTF) and supporting forces by helicopters, tilt rotor aircraft, landing craft, and amphibious vehicles.

Should resources become available in FY 2017 beyond our FY 2017 President's Budget (PB-17) submission, the Navy recommends mitigating the risk of shortfalls in readiness and capacity by funding the following unfunded items. These items will enhance our ability to maintain maritime superiority, strengthen naval power at and from the sea, and build towards the larger Navy the nation needs in order to meet the demands of the rapidly changing global security environment. The Navy continues to assess the future needs beyond FY 2017 in developing our FY 2018 President's Budget.

tem	-	Unfunded Item Description	Appropriation	TY\$M_	Category
1	$\overline{}$	Ship Depot Maintenance	OMN	647	Afloat Readiness
2	**	Air Operations / Flying Hours	OMN	504	2,034
3		Information Warfare / Other Support (1C6C)	MMO	355	
4	**	Ship Operations	OMN	339	
5	_	Waterfront Equipment, Service Craft, Boat Procurement	OMN/OPN	68	
6		Service Craft Maintenance and Overhaul	OMN	53	2,034
7		Sealift Support Readiness	OMN	32	
8		Full Scale Aerial Targets (FSAT) (QF-16) (+5 targets)	RDTEN	26	1
9		High Speed Maneuverable Surface Target (HSMST) (+56 targets)	QPN	10	i
10		F/A-18E/F increase to procurement (0 to 24)	APN	2,320	Warfighting/APN
_		P-8 Procurement Increase (6 a/c) Funds POR to 117 (11 to 17 FY 17)	APN	1,200	1
11			APN	270	3,997
12	++	1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4			3,337
13	**	C-40A (Reserve's personnel and cargo pircraft) (0 to 2)	APN	207	111 - 6: -1 -1 - 511
14		Tomahawk Land Attack Missiles (TLAM) (100 to 196)	WPN	154	Warfighting/Weapon:
15	**	Joint Direct Attack Munitions (JDAM) Components	PANMC	88	<u>.</u>
16		SM-6 Blk 1A increase QTY to Max Production Rate of 125 per Year	WPN	75	
17	**	LCS Over-the-Horizon Missile (LCS 3 and LCS 5)	WPN/OPN	43	!
18	**	AIM-9X Sidewinder Missiles Blk II (+75 missiles) (152 to 227)	WPN	33	453
9	<u>.</u>	RAM Bik II (90 to 120)	WPN	24	433
0		Laser Maverick Procurement (+224)	WPN	20	1
1	**	MK-54 Mod 0 Lightweight Torpedoes (+23 torpedoes) (114 to 137)	WPN	16	1
		LPD-17 (O to 1) Increase Program of Record from 12 to 13	SCN	1,830	Warfighting/SCN
2			SCN	547	TARITI SHAME A COM
23	12.	1-AO(A) INClease (Itento to 1) (commences sensitives)			1
4	**	3rd DDG in FY16 Incremental Cost for AMDR	SCN	433	
5	-	EPF (Expeditionary Fast Transport) (0 to 1)	SCN	256	
6	**	Ship to Shore Connector (SSC) (+3 craft to MSR) (2 to 5)	SCN	190	3,433
7		T-ATS(X) (+1 Ship) (from 0 to 1)	SCN	75	
:8		Advance Procurement for an additional Expeditionary Sea Base (ESB)	SCN	68	
29		LCU 1700 (+1 Craft)	SCN	34	·
30		CANES Acceleration (LPD 19 and DDG 73)	OPN	53	Warfighting/Cyber
1		C10F UON Sharkcage Defensive Cyber for WPN ACAT programs	OPN/OMN	22	1
	—) 	OMN	12	t
32		METOC IT Services		11	114
33		Windows XP Eradication for 10 ships (Completes remaining ships)	OPN/OMN		-
34		SONET Infrastructure for Guam (N2/N6)	OPN	- 8	{
35		NCTAMS Outfitting - Supports P-193 NCTAMSLANT	OMN/OPN	8	
16		Quanset Point Investment to facilitate construction of 3 SSNs per year	MILCON / OPN	255	Warfighting/Capacity
37	**	CG Modernization Shortfall	OMN ·	160	
18	**	DDG BMD / NIFC-CA Modernization (+1 system to sustain 3 installs per year/FYDP)	OPN	65	
19	**	Submarine Warfare Federated Tactical Systems (SWFTS) for SSNs (+2 Sets) (6 to 8)	OPN -	49	
40		EPF Adaptive Force Pkgs (6) (UAV mission sys., ISR packages, small boat missions)	OMN	35	662
41		SSEE Inc. F (+3 Systems) and Paragon/Graywing (+3 Systems)	OPN	43	1 19 119
41	••			23	1
12		SEWIP Blk III (+1 system)	OPN OPN		
13		Submarine Towed Arrays (+4 TB-29X and +4 TB-34X Arrays)	OPN	22	-
4	**	Surveillance Towed Array Sensor System (SURTASS) Array	OPN	10	
5	•.•	PCS Funding (Restores 15,000 PCS moves reduced due to BBA limits)	MPN	156	Manpower
6		CG Modernization MPN Shortfall	MPN	81	<u> </u>
17		Individual Accounts (Transient Billets) Shortfall	MPN	43]
18	·	Officer Funding Shortfall	MPN	33	353
19		Manpower / Personnel Management System IT Modernization	OMN / OPN	40	1
	***	Condition Based Maintenance (CBM) for Critical Building Systems (ST to 90%)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	398	Shore Readiness
0			OMN		Sitore Meaniness
1		Fleet priority Restoration and Modernization (RM) special projects	OMN	262	
2	**	Shore Support (Physical Security Equipment and Environmental Restoration)	OMN/OPN	68	1
3	**	System Remediation and process deficiencies in support of auditability	OMN	44	803
4	**	Critical Aviation and Test Facility Upgrades (range and test facility hangars)	RDTEN	12]
55	**	R-SUPPLY System Enhancements in support of auditability	OMN	10	
i6	**	Training Ranges - Barking Sands Tactical Underwater Range Recap	OMN	9]
7	\vdash	MILCON Cost to Complete (Prior Year)	MCN	101	MILCON
	++	Chambers Field Ammunition Magazines (NAS Norfolk P-495)	MCN	35	1
58 59	<u> </u>			14	150
		Future Projects Planning and Design	MCN	1	l
19	r	The state of Tabase Sally Added in URC/CAC EV17 Conformer (TVCM)	Appropriation	EV17	Catagoni
		Items Above Potentially Added in HAC/SAC FY17 Conference (TY\$M)	Appropriation	FY17	Category
e m1		F/A-18E/F Increase to procurement (12 a/c)	APN	979	Warfighting/APN
em 1	4*		4.000	1 207	1
em 1	4* **	C-40A (+2 Aircraft) (Reserve's personnel and cargo aircraft)	APN	207	
e m1			SCN	433	Martina/Consels
e m1 1 2	**	C-40A (+2 Aircraft) (Reserve's personnel and cargo aircraft)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Warfighting/Capacit

Fiscal Year 2017 Unfunded List Descriptions

The following describes executable FY 2017 unfunded items as of December 2016, adding emergent needs to our February 2016 Unfunded Priorities List (UPL) based on current operations and FY 2016 closeout. For reference, the asterisked items (**) in the above list were included on the Navy's February 2016 UPL. Four items were removed from the February 2016 UPL submission: two military construction projects that were not authorized in the FY 2017 National Defense Authorization Act (thus, unexecutable); the CG modernization partial ship-set that was procured in FY 2016; and the Radio Frequency (RF) Kill Chain Enhancements (+99 Counter Electronic Attack Block II kits) due to changes in the procurement profile reducing the requirement in FY 2017.

The "Afloat Readiness" line 16 in the February 2016 UPL has been broken out into separate ship depot maintenance, air operations/flying hours, and ship operations lines 1, 2 and 4 respectively in this revised list. Afloat Readiness shortfalls now total to \$2.0B, which includes \$260M for USMC aviation readiness.

1. Ship Depot Maintenance

Increases ship depot maintenance funding to match the requirement, thereby eliminating missed or reduced maintenance availabilities. Ensures required maintenance availabilities are funded in order to meet ship repair, ship modernization and Combatant Commander (COCOM) force-generation requirements.

2. Air Operations / Flying Hours

Provides funding to maintain squadron readiness at levels necessary to meet COCOM requirements. Prevents readiness degradation and supports fleet training wholeness and increased numbers of ready-basic-aircraft.

3. Information Warfare / Other Support

Reduces Fleet readiness shortfalls across all disciplines of the Information Warfare Community (Cyberspace operations, Electronic Warfare, Intelligence, Battlespace Awareness, and Assured Command and Control (C2)). Provides funding necessary to achieve information technology cyber-security and funds expeditionary forces' equipment maintenance at levels sufficient for continued operation.

4. Ship Operations

Funding will lower the number of open surface ship casualty reports and reduce back-orders of spare parts and consumables necessary to support shipboard organizational level maintenance.

5. Waterfront Equipment, Service Craft, Boat Procurement

Recapitalizes waterfront equipment reaching the end of its usable service life that is required to provide ship berthing and docking services at worldwide naval installations.

6. Service Craft Maintenance and Overhaul

Provides funding necessary to perform required maintenance and overhaul of existing service craft.